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Date:

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Secretariat of ISO/TC 176/SC 2

To the Members of ISO/TC 176/SC 2 - Quality Management and Quality Assurance/

# **ISO/CD 9001**

**Quality Systems** 

In accordance with the approved project plan for the revision of ISO 9001 (see SC2/N1089), please find the Committee Draft of ISO 9001 attached. This is being circulated to members for commenting and ballot (a ballot has been established on the ISO Balloting Portal for this). The closing date for the submission of comments and votes is:

# 10 September 2013

Please use the ISO commenting template for the submission of comments, and *include the relevant CD line number against each comment, in the 2<sup>nd</sup> column.* We know from past experience with previous revisions to ISO 9001 that we can expect a large number of comments at the CD stage. We may therefore have to return any comments that are submitted without reference to line numbers, or if other parts of the template have not been completed correctly, as we might not be able to process them adequately.

During the development of this CD, ISO/TC 176/SC2/WG24 encountered three issues on which it needs specific input from SC2:

- the need to maintain the concept of allowing "exclusions" of specific requirements
- the use of the term "goods and services" instead of the term "product"
- the use of the term "improvement" instead of the term "continual Improvement"

A subsidiary ballot on these issues has been posted on the ISO Balloting Portal, also with a closing date of 10 September 2013. Attachment 1 provides additional information to give the context to these issues:

Please also note that whilst member bodies may choose to comment on any part of the text:

- any comments received on the revised quality management principles given in Annex A to the CD are likely to be rejected, as the QMPs have previously been approved by a separate SC2 and SC1 joint ballot.
- any proposed changes to specific elements of the "Annex SL" identical text should be supported by very clearly stated justifications, which, if considered by WG24 to be appropriate, will be referred back to SC2 for decision

We look forward to receiving your votes and comments on the CD.

Yours sincerely

Charles Corrie For the BSI Secretariat of ISO/TC 176/SC 2

#### Attachment 1 to SC2/N1147

#### a) Exclusions

The current "exclusions" clause 1.2 in ISO 9001 was originally introduced following the decision to withdraw the ISO 9002 and ISO 9003 standards in 2000. A means had to be found to enable organizations with quality management systems that did not include all of the requirements of ISO 9001:2000 for technical reasons, but which had previously been able to meet the requirements of ISO 9002 or ISO 9003, to be able to claim conformity to the standard. The resulting solution was clause 1.2.

This Committee Draft has taken a different approach to the way in which its requirements are stated, when compared to the earlier editions of ISO 9001; consequently, there should no longer be any technical reasons for an organization's QMS not to be able to meet all the requirements of the future standard. This makes the need for such an exclusions clause redundant. For the time being, this Committee Draft includes text to permit "exclusions" (see lines 387 to 391), but this can be modified depending on the ballot results.

Please review the CD and decide if these requirements need to be maintained, or if they can now be removed. Note that if the results of the ballot indicate that the exclusions clause should no longer be maintained, then this will also require the Design Specification for this revision of ISO 9001 (see document SC2/N1088) to be amended, as Section 3, bullet e) states "The intent of clause 1.2 of ISO 9001:2008 shall be maintained in the revised standard.". This bullet e) would need to be deleted.

#### b) Goods and services

ISO 9001 has sought to be generic and applicable to all types of organization producing any type of product. However, feedback received on the current version of the standard has indicated that there is a perception that it continues to be biased towards manufacturing-type organizations with "hardware" products. The feedback has also indicated that the use of the single term "product" to cover services as well as physical products has been a hindrance to service organizations understanding and applying the standard.

In developing the Committee Draft ISO/TC 176/SC2/WG24 has therefore attempted to make it more truly generic, with a particular emphasis for organizations that provide services.

Noting that the ISO/IEC Directives themselves use the term "goods and services", ISO/TC 176/SC2/WG 24 has recommended that this term be adopted in place of the term "product".

The Committee Draft has been prepared using "goods and services".

Please review whether this change is acceptable to you.

## c) Improvement

The recent revision of the Quality Management Principles (see SC2/N1145) has led to a change of one of the principles from "continual improvement" to just "improvement". ISO 9001 is being developed to make more explicit use of the quality management principles, so would need to move to just using the term "improvement" to be in alignment with them.

However, the text for management systems standards given in Annex SL of the ISO/IEC Directives, Procedures specific to ISO, uses the term "continual improvement", as do other ISO management system standards. Moving to just using "improvement" would result in a deviation from the Annex SL text.

The CD has been prepared using "continual improvement", but with the "continual" being given in strike-though text format.

Please review whether the deletion of "continual" is acceptable to you.

1	ISO/TC 176/SC 2/N1147
'	130/10/170/30 2/11/14/
2	Date: 2013-06-3
3	ISO/CD 9001
4	ISO/TC 176/SC 2/WG 24
5	Secretariat: BSI
6	Quality management systems — Requirements
7	Systèmes de management de la qualité — Exigences
8	
9	Warning
10 11	This document is not an ISO International Standard. It is distributed for review and comment. It is subject to change without notice and may not be referred to as an International Standard.
12 13	Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.
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- ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.
  - International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.
- The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.
  - Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.
  - ISO 9001 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 176, Quality management and Quality Assurance, Subcommittee SC 2, Quality Systems.
    - This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition (ISO 9001:2008), which has been technically revised to adopt the unifying and agreed high level structure, identical core text and common terms and core definitions of Annex SL of the ISO Directives, redraft many sections to make them more generic and more easily applicable by service industries, and to change from using 'product' to 'goods and services'.
  - The transition period for users of ISO 9001:2008 to transfer to using ISO 9001:20XX has been set for three years (*Note to this CD: this 3 year period is still subject to agreement by ISO/CASACO and the IAF*)

#### **Introduction** to this Committee Draft

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This introduction is specific to this committee draft (CD) and it is <u>not</u> intended for incorporation to the final version of the standard. The introduction to ISO 9001:2008 has not been included in this committee draft. It will be revised as part of the response to the CD comments and ballots and incorporated into the draft international standard (DIS).

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#### 0.2 Annex SL

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107 ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1, Consolidated ISO Supplement, 2013, Annex SL, Appendix 2 sets out the high level 108 structure, identical core text and common terms and core definitions that are to form, when possible, the 109 nucleus of future and revised management system standards such as ISO 9001.

'All MSS (whether they are Type A or Type B MSS) shall, in principle, use consistent structure, common text and terminology so that they are easy to use and compatible with each other. The guidance and structure given in Appendix 2 to this Annex SL shall, in principle, also be followed (based on ISO/TMB Resolution 18/2012)'.

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Accordingly, ISO/CD 9001 has adopted the structure, common text and terminology provided in Annex SL, Appendix 2 as the nucleus of this revision and highlighted this in the document by the use of a *red italic* font.

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- Annex SL, Appendix 2 allows discipline specific additions to the core text and this has been utilised for the following:
  - a) specific quality management system requirements considered essential to meet the scope of the standard;
  - b) requirements that may appear to be generic but are considered essential to reflect use of the Quality Management Principles that form the basis for the quality management system standards within the ISO 9000 family:
  - c) requirements and notes that enhance or clarify the core text.

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# 0.3 Significant Changes

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a) Redrafting to make the standard more generic and more easily applicable by service industries.

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Continued omission of specific reference to 'services' was considered to be unsustainable if relevance to the service sector was to be enhanced. On that basis 'product' has been replaced by 'goods and services' when

specifically referring to the deliverables for the customer. This proposed change will be subject to a specific briefing note and a request for ballot input from ISO/TC 176/SC 2 member bodies.

Where possible, clauses of the standard have been revised to reduce the prescriptive nature of some requirements which were originally derived from practices for the hardware sector, in particular clauses **7.1.4**Monitoring and measuring devices and **8.5** Development of goods and services.

# b) Context of the organisation

Annex SL, Appendix 2 High Level Structure and core text has introduced two new clauses relating to the context of the organisation, **4.1 Understanding the organization and its context** and **4.2 Understanding the needs and expectations of interested parties**. Together these clauses require the organisation to determine the issues and requirements that can impact on the planning of the quality management system and can be used as an input into the development of the quality management system.

Although there is now reference to determining the requirements of relevant interested parties there is no new requirement to ensure goods and services meet the needs and expectations of external parties other than those already identified in ISO 9001:2008, i.e. customers, regulators, etc. Such a change would require a change to the scope of the standard which is not permitted by the design specification for the revision.

#### c) Process approach

ISO 9001:2008 promoted the adoption of a process approach when developing, implementing and improving the effectiveness of a quality management system. This proposed revision to the standard makes this more explicit by including clause **4.4.2 Process approach** – specifying requirements considered essential to the adoption of a process approach.

#### d) Risk and Preventive Action

Annex SL, Appendix 2 High Level Structure and core text does not include a clause giving specific requirements for 'preventive action'. This is because one of the key purposes of a formal management system is to act as a preventive tool. Consequently, the High Level Structure and Identical text require an assessment of the organization's 'external and internal issues that are relevant to its purpose and that affect its ability to achieve the intended outcome(s)' in clause 4.1, and to 'determine the risks and opportunities that need to be addressed to: assure the quality management system can achieve its intended outcome(s); prevent, or reduce, undesired effects; achieve continual improvement.' in clause 6.1. These two sets of requirements are considered to cover the concept of 'preventive action', and also to take a wider view that looks at risks and opportunities. This approach is continued in the discipline specific text added to the Annex SL core text to require risk based thinking and a risk driven approach to preventive action throughout the development and implementation of the quality management system. This has also facilitated some reduction in prescriptive

173	requirements and their replacement by performance based requirements. Although risks have to identified and
174	acted upon there is no requirement for formal risk management.
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176	e) Documented information
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178	The Annex SL Appendix 2 clause on Documented Information has been adopted without significant change or
179	addition. Where appropriate, text elsewhere in the standard has been aligned with its requirements.
180	Consequently the terms 'document' and 'record' have both been replaced throughout the requirements text by
181	'documented information'.
182	
183	f) Control of external provision of goods and services
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185	Clause 8.6 Control of external provision of goods and services - addresses all forms of external
186	provision, whether it is by purchasing from a supplier, through an arrangement with an associate company,
187	through the outsourcing of processes and functions of the organisation or by any other means. The
188	organisation is required to take a risk based approach to determine the type and extent of controls appropriate
189	to each external provider and all external provision of goods and services.
190	
191	(Drafting Note The sources of text in this revision can be identified by the font colour as follows:

Black - Text taken from existing ISO 9001: 2008 and text developed by WG24.}

Red italics - Annex SL text

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**COMMITTEE DRAFT** ISO/CD 9001

# **Quality management systems — Requirements**

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or private.

196	1	Scope
197	Thi	s International Standard specifies requirements for a quality management system where an organization
198	a)	needs to demonstrate its ability to consistently provide goods and services that meet customer and
199		applicable statutory and regulatory requirements, and
200	b)	aims to enhance customer satisfaction through the effective application of the system, including
201		processes for continual improvement of the system and the assurance of conformity to customer and
202		applicable statutory and regulatory requirements.
203		
204	NO	TE 1 In this International Standard, the term "product" only applies to
205		a) goods and services intended for, or required by, a customer, and
206		b) any intended output resulting from the operational processes.
207		
208	NO	TE 2 Statutory and regulatory requirements can be expressed as legal requirements.
209	2	Normative references
210	Th	e following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated
211	ref	erences, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced
212	do	cument (including any amendments) applies.
213		
214	ISC	9000:2015, Quality management systems — Fundamentals and vocabulary
215	3	Terms and definitions
216	Fo	r the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 9000 apply.
217		
218	{Dr	afting note: The Annex SL terms are currently incorporated to assist reviewers of the committee draft. At this
219	tim	e there is no agreement to incorporate such terms in ISO 9001, and they will be moved later into ISO 9000.
220	Ch	anges to definitions being developed by ISO/TC176/SC1 have not yet been incorporated.}
221		
222	3.0	
223 224 225	pe	ganization rson or group of people that has its own functions with responsibilities, authorities and relationships to hieve its <b>objectives</b> (3.08)
226 227		te 1 to entry: The concept of organization includes, but is not limited to sole-trader, company, corporation, firm, erprise, authority, partnership, charity or institution, or part or combination thereof, whether incorporated or not, public

3.02
interested party (preferred term)
stakeholder (admitted term)
person or <b>organization</b> (3.01) that can affect, be affected by, or perceive themselves to be affected by a decision or activity
3.03 requirement need or expectation that is stated, generally implied or obligatory
Note 1 to entry: "Generally implied" means that it is custom or common practice for the organization and interested parties that the need or expectation under consideration is implied.
Note 2 to entry: A specified requirement is one that is stated, for example in documented information.
3.04 management system set of interrelated or interacting elements of an organization (3.01) to establish policies (3.07) and objectives (3.08) and processes (3.12) to achieve those objectives
Note 1 to entry: A management system can address a single discipline or several disciplines.
Note 2 to entry: The system elements include the organization's structure, roles and responsibilities, planning, operation, etc.
Note 3 to entry: The scope of a management system may include the whole of the organization, specific and identified functions of the organization, specific and identified sections of the organization, or one or more functions across a group of organizations.
3.05 top management person or group of people who directs and controls an organization (3.01) at the highest level
Note 1 to entry: Top management has the power to delegate authority and provide resources within the organization.
Note 2 to entry: If the scope of the <b>management system</b> (3.04) covers only part of an organization then top management refers to those who direct and control that part of the organization.
3.06 effectiveness extent to which planned activities are realized and planned results achieved
3.07 policy intentions and direction of an <b>organization</b> (3.01) as formally expressed by its <b>top management</b> (3.05)
3.08 objective result to be achieved
Note 1 to entry: An objective can be strategic, tactical, or operational.
Note 2 to entry: Objectives can relate to different disciplines (such as financial, health and safety, and environmental goals) and can apply at different levels (such as strategic, organization-wide, project, product and <b>process</b> (3.12)). An

- 270 Note 3 to entry: An objective can be expressed in other ways, e.g. as an intended outcome, a purpose, an operational
- criterion, as a quality objective or by the use of other words with similar meaning (e.g. aim, goal, or target).
- 272 Note 4 to entry: In the context of quality management systems standards quality objectives are set by the organization,
- 273 consistent with the quality policy, to achieve specific results.
- **274 3.09**
- 275 *risk*
- 276 effect of uncertainty
- Note 1 to entry: An effect is a deviation from the expected positive or negative.
- 278 Note 2 to entry: Uncertainty is the state, even partial, of efficiency of information related to, understanding or knowledge
- of, an event, its consequence, or likelihood.
- 280 Note 3 to entry: Risk is often characterized by reference to potential events (ISO Guide 73, 3.5.1.3) and consequences
- 281 (ISO Guide 73, 3.6.1.3), or a combination of these.
- 282 Note 4 to entry: Risk is often expressed in terms of a combination of the consequences of an event (including changes in
- circumstances) and the associated likelihood (ISO Guide 73, 3.6.1.1) of occurrence.
- 284 **3.10**
- 285 competence
- ability to apply knowledge and skills to achieve intended results
- 287 **3.11**
- 288 documented information
- 289 information required to be controlled and maintained by an **organization** (3.01) and the medium on which it is
- 290 contained
- Note 1 to entry: Documented information can be in any format and media and from any source.
- 292 Note 2 to entry: Documented information can refer to
- 293 the management system (3.04), including related **processes** (3.12);
- 294 information created in order for the organization to operate (documentation);
- 295 evidence of results achieved (records).
- **3.12**
- 297 process
- 298 set of interrelated or interacting activities which transforms inputs into outputs
- 299 **3.13**
- 300 performance
- 301 measurable result
- 302 Note 1 to entry: Performance can relate either to quantitative or qualitative findings.
- Note 2 to entry: Performance can relate to the management of activities, **processes** (3.12), products (including services),
- 304 systems or organizations (3.01).
- 305 **3.14**
- 306 outsource (verb)
- 307 make an arrangement where an external organization (3.01) performs part of an organization's function or
- 308 *process* (3.12)
- 309 Note 1 to entry: An external organization is outside the scope of the management system (3.04), although the
- 310 outsourced function or process is within the scope.

311 312 313	3.15 monitoring determining the status of a system, a process (3.12) or an activity
314	Note 1 to entry: To determine the status there may be a need to check, supervise or critically observe.
315 316 317	3.16 measurement process (3.12) to determine a value
318 319 320 321	3.17 audit systematic, independent and documented <b>process</b> (3.12) for obtaining audit evidence and evaluating it objectively to determine the extent to which the audit criteria are fulfilled
322 323	Note 1 to entry: An audit can be an internal audit (first party) or an external audit (second party or third party), and it can be a combined audit (combining two or more disciplines).
324	Note 2 to entry: "Audit evidence" and "audit criteria" are defined in ISO 19011.
325 326 327	3.18 conformity fulfilment of a requirement (3.03)
328 329 330	3.19 nonconformity non-fulfilment of a requirement (3.03)
331 332 333	3.20 correction action to eliminate a detected nonconformity (3.19)
334 335 336	3.21 corrective action action to eliminate the cause of a nonconformity (3.19) and to prevent recurrence
337 338 339	3.22 continual improvement recurring activity to enhance performance (3.13)
340	4 Context of the organization
341	4.1 Understanding the organization and its context
342 343	The organization shall determine external and internal issues, that are relevant to its purpose and its strategic
344 345	direction and that affect its ability to achieve the intended outcome(s) of its quality management system.
346 347	The organization shall update such determinations when needed.
348	When determining relevant external and internal issues, the organization shall consider those arising from:
349	a) changes and trends which can have an impact on the objectives of the organization;
350	b) relationships with, and perceptions and values of relevant interested parties;
351	c) governance issues, strategic priorities, internal policies and commitments; and

352 353	d) resource availability and priorities and technological change.
354 355 356	Note 1 Understanding the external context can be facilitated by considering issues arising from legal, technological, competitive, cultural, social, economic and natural environment, whether international, national, regional or local.
357 358	Note 2 When understanding the internal context the organization could consider those related to perceptions, values and culture of the organization.
359	4.2 Understanding the needs and expectations of interested parties
360	The organization shall determine
361	a) the interested parties that are relevant to the quality management system, and
362 363	b) the requirements of these interested parties
364	The organization shall update such determinations in order to understand and anticipate needs or
365 366	expectations affecting customer requirements and customer satisfaction.
367	The organization shall consider the following relevant interested parties:
368	a) direct customers;
369	b) end users;
370	c) suppliers, distributors, retailers or others involved in the supply chain;
371	d) regulators; and
372	e) any other relevant interested parties.
373	
374 375	Note Addressing current and anticipated future needs can lead to the identification of improvement and innovation opportunities.
376	4.3 Determining the scope of the quality management system
377 378 379	The organization shall determine the boundaries and applicability of the quality management system to establish its scope.
380	When determining this scope, the organization shall consider
381	a) the external and internal issues referred to in 4.1, and
382	b) the requirements referred to in 4.2.
383	
384	The scope shall be stated in terms of goods and services, the main processes to deliver them and the sites of
385	the organization included.
386	
387	When stating the scope, the organization shall document and justify any decision not to apply a requirement of
388	this International Standard and to exclude it from the scope of the quality management system. Any such
389	exclusion shall be limited to clause 7.1. 4 and 8 and shall not affect the organization's ability or responsibility
390	to assure conformity of goods and services and customer satisfaction, nor can an exclusion be justified on the

basis of a decision to arrange for an external provider to perform a function or process of the organization.

392		
393	No	te: An external provider can be a supplier or a sister organization (such as a headquarters or alternate site location)
394	tha	t is outside of the organization's quality management system.
395		
396	Th	e scope shall be available as documented information.
397	4.4	Quality management system
398 399	4.4	I.1 General
400	Th	e organization shall establish, implement, maintain and <del>continually</del> improve a quality management system,
401	inc	cluding the processes needed and their interactions, in accordance with the requirements of this
402	Int	ernational Standard.
403		
404 405	4.4	2.2 Process approach
406	Th	e organization shall apply a process approach to its quality management system. The organization shall:
407	a)	determine the processes needed for the quality management system and their application throughout the
408		organization;
409	b)	determine the inputs required and the outputs expected from each process;
410	c)	determine the sequence and interaction of these processes;
411	d)	determine the risks to conformity of goods and services and customer satisfaction if unintended outputs
412		are delivered or process interaction is ineffective;
413	e)	determine criteria, methods, measurements, and related performance indicators needed to ensure that
414		both the operation and control of these processes are effective;
415	f)	determine the resources and ensure their availability;
416	g)	assign responsibilities and authorities for processes;
417	h)	implement actions necessary to achieve planned results;
418	i)	monitor, analyse and change, if needed, these processes ensuring that they continue to deliver the
419		intended outputs; and
420	j)	ensure <del>continual</del> improvement of these processes.
421	5	Leadership
422	5.1	Leadership and commitment
423	5.1	.1 Leadership and commitment with respect to the quality management system
424	To	p management shall demonstrate leadership and commitment with respect to the quality management
425	sys	stem by
426	a)	ensuring that quality policies and quality objectives are established for the quality management system

and are compatible with the strategic direction of the organization;

b) ensuring the quality policy is understood and followed within the organization;

429 c) ensuring the integration of the quality management system requirements into the organization's business 430 processes: 431 promoting awareness of the process approach; 432 e) ensuring that the resources needed for the quality management system are available 433 f) communicating the importance of effective quality management and of conforming to the quality 434 management system requirements and the requirements of goods and services; 435 g) ensuring that the quality management system achieves its intended outcomes outputs; h) engaging, directing and supporting persons to contribute to the effectiveness of the quality management 436 437 system; 438 i) promoting continual improvement and innovation; and 439 supporting other relevant management roles to demonstrate their leadership as it applies to their areas of 440 responsibility. 441 442 5.1.2 Leadership and commitment with respect to the needs and expectations of customers 443 444 Top management shall demonstrate leadership and commitment with respect to customer focus by ensuring 445 that 446 a) the risks which can affect conformity of goods and services and customer satisfaction are identified and 447 addressed; 448 b) customer requirements are determined and met; 449 c) the focus on consistently providing goods and services that meet customer and applicable statutory and 450 regulatory requirements is maintained; 451 d) the focus on enhancing customer satisfaction is maintained; 452 453 NOTE Reference to "business" in this International Standard should be interpreted broadly to mean those activities that 454 are core to the purposes of the organization's existence. 5.2 Quality policy 455 456 Top management shall establish a quality policy that: 457 a) is appropriate to the purpose of the organization; 458 b) provides a framework for setting quality objectives; c) includes a commitment to satisfy applicable requirements, and 459 includes a commitment to continual improvement of the quality management system. 460

461

- 462 The quality policy shall:
- 463 a) be available as documented information;
- 464 b) be communicated within the organization;
- 465 c) be available to interested parties, as appropriate; and
- 466 *d*) be reviewed for continuing suitability.

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468 NOTE Quality Management Principles can be used as the basis for the quality policy.

## 5.3 Organizational roles, responsibilities and authorities

Top management shall ensure that the responsibilities and authorities for relevant roles are assigned and communicated within the organization.

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- Top management shall be accountable for the effectiveness of the quality management system and shall assign the responsibility and authority for:
- a) ensuring that the quality management system conforms to the requirements of this International Standard and.
- b) ensuring that the processes interact and are delivering their intended outputs,
- reporting on the performance of the quality management system to top management and any need for improvement, and
- d) ensuring the promotion of awareness of customer requirements throughout the organization.

# 6 Planning

#### 6.1 Actions to address risks and opportunities

- When planning for the quality management system, the organization shall consider the issues referred to in 4.1 and the requirements referred to in 4.2 and determine the risks and opportunities that need to be addressed to
- a) assure the quality management system can achieve its intended outcome(s),
- b) assure that the organization can consistently achieve conformity of goods and services and customer satisfaction,
- c) prevent, or reduce, undesired effects, and
- d) achieve continual improvement.

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- The organization shall plan:
- a) actions to address these risks and opportunities, and
- b) how to
  - 1) integrate and implement the actions into its quality management system processes (see 4.4), and
  - 2) evaluate the effectiveness of these actions.

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Any actions taken to address risks and opportunities shall be proportionate to the potential effects on conformity of goods and services and customer satisfaction.

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503 504 Note Options to address risks can include for example risk avoidance, risk mitigation or risk acceptance

#### 6.2 Quality objectives and planning to achieve them

- The organization shall establish quality objectives at relevant functions, levels and processes.
- The quality objectives shall
- 505 a) be consistent with the quality policy,

506	b)	be relevant to conformity of goods and services and customer satisfaction,
507	c)	be measurable <del>(if practicable)</del> ,
508	d)	take into account applicable requirements,
509	e)	be monitored,
510	f)	be communicated, and
511	g)	be updated as appropriate.
512		
513	Th	e organization shall retain documented information on the quality objectives.
514		
515	W	nen planning how to achieve its quality objectives, the organization shall determine
516	a)	what will be done,
517	b)	what resources will be required (see 7.1),
518	c)	who will be responsible,
519	d)	when it will be completed, and
520	e)	how the results will be evaluated.
521	6.3	Planning of changes
522	The	e organization shall determine the needs and opportunities for change to maintain and improve the
523		formance of the quality management system.
524	•	
525	The	e organization shall undertake change in a planned and systematic manner, identifying risks and
526	opp	portunities and reviewing the potential consequences of change.
527		
528	NO	TE Specific requirements on control of changes are included in clause 8.
529	7	Support
530	7.1	Resources
531 532	7.1	.1 General
533	The	e organization shall determine and provide the resources needed for the establishment, implementation,
534	ma	intenance and <del>continual</del> improvement of the quality management system.
535		
536	The	e organization shall consider
537	a)	what are existing internal resources, capabilities and limitations, and
538	b)	which goods and services are to be sourced externally.
539		
540	7.1	.2 Infrastructure
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542	The	e organization shall determine, provide and maintain the infrastructure necessary for its operations and to

assure conformity of goods and services and customer satisfaction.

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Note Infrastructure can include,

- a) buildings and associated utilities,
- b) equipment including hardware and software, and
- c) transportation, communication and information systems.

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#### 7.1.3 Process environment

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The organization shall determine, provide and maintain the process environment necessary for its operations and to assure conformity of goods and services and customer satisfaction.

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NOTE Process environment can include physical, social, psychological and environmental factors (such as temperature, recognition schemes, ergonomics and atmospheric composition).

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#### 7.1.4 Monitoring and measuring devices

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The organization shall determine, provide and maintain the monitoring and measuring devices needed to verify conformity to product requirements and shall ensure that the devices are fit for purpose.

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The organization shall retain appropriate documented information as evidence of fitness for purpose of monitoring and measuring devices.

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NOTE 1 Monitoring and measurement devices can include measuring equipment and assessment methods such as surveys.

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NOTE 2 Monitoring and measurement devices can be calibrated or verified, or both, at specified intervals, or prior to use, against measurement standards traceable to international or national measurement standards.

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#### 7.1.5 Knowledge

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The organization shall determine the knowledge necessary for the operation of the quality management system and its processes and to assure conformity of goods and services and customer satisfaction. This knowledge shall be maintained, protected and made available as necessary.

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Where addressing changing needs and trends the organization shall take into account its current knowledge base and determine how to acquire or access the necessary additional knowledge. (See also 6.3)

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#### 7.2 Competence

The organization shall:

- a) determine the necessary competence of person(s) doing work under its control that affects its quality performance, and
- b) ensure that these persons are competent on the basis of appropriate education, training, or experience;

585 586	c) where applicable, take actions to acquire the necessary competence, and evaluate the effectiveness of the actions taken, and
587	d) retain appropriate documented information as evidence of competence.
588 589 590	NOTE Applicable actions may include, for example: the provision of training to, the mentoring of, or the re-assignment of currently employed persons; or the hiring or contracting of competent persons.
591	7.3 Awareness
592	Persons doing work under the organization's control shall be aware of
593	a) the quality policy,
594	b) relevant quality objectives,
595	c) their contribution to the effectiveness of the quality management system, including the benefits of
596	improved quality performance, and
597	d) the implications of not conforming with the quality management system requirements.
598	7.4 Communication
599	The organization shall determine the need for internal and external communications relevant to the quality
600	management system including
601	a) on what it will communicate,
602	b) when to communicate, and
603	c) with whom to communicate.
	,
604	7.5 Documented information
604 605	7.5 Documented information
604 605 606	7.5 Documented information 7.5.1 General
604 605 606 607	<ul> <li>7.5 Documented information</li> <li>7.5.1 General</li> <li>The organization's quality management system shall include</li> </ul>
604 605 606 607 608	<ul> <li>7.5 Documented information</li> <li>7.5.1 General</li> <li>The organization's quality management system shall include</li> <li>a) documented information required by this International Standard,</li> </ul>
604 605 606 607 608 609	<ul> <li>7.5 Documented information</li> <li>7.5.1 General</li> <li>The organization's quality management system shall include</li> <li>a) documented information required by this International Standard,</li> <li>b) documented information determined by the organization as being necessary for the effectiveness of the</li> </ul>
604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612	<ul> <li>7.5 Documented information</li> <li>7.5.1 General</li> <li>The organization's quality management system shall include</li> <li>a) documented information required by this International Standard,</li> <li>b) documented information determined by the organization as being necessary for the effectiveness of the</li> </ul>
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604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614	<ul> <li>7.5.1 General</li> <li>The organization's quality management system shall include</li> <li>a) documented information required by this International Standard,</li> <li>b) documented information determined by the organization as being necessary for the effectiveness of the quality management system.</li> <li>NOTE The extent of documented information for a quality management system can differ from one organization to another due to</li> <li>a) the size of organization and its type of activities, processes, products goods and services,</li> </ul>
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604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616	<ul> <li>7.5.1 General</li> <li>The organization's quality management system shall include</li> <li>a) documented information required by this International Standard,</li> <li>b) documented information determined by the organization as being necessary for the effectiveness of the quality management system.</li> <li>NOTE The extent of documented information for a quality management system can differ from one organization to another due to</li> <li>a) the size of organization and its type of activities, processes, products goods and services,</li> </ul>
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604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619	<ul> <li>7.5.1 General</li> <li>The organization's quality management system shall include</li> <li>a) documented information required by this International Standard,</li> <li>b) documented information determined by the organization as being necessary for the effectiveness of the quality management system.</li> <li>NOTE The extent of documented information for a quality management system can differ from one organization to another due to</li> <li>a) the size of organization and its type of activities, processes, products goods and services,</li> <li>b) the complexity of processes and their interactions, and</li> <li>c) the competence of persons.</li> <li>7.5.2 Creating and updating</li> </ul>
604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 620	<ul> <li>7.5. Documented information</li> <li>7.5.1 General</li> <li>The organization's quality management system shall include <ul> <li>a) documented information required by this International Standard,</li> <li>b) documented information determined by the organization as being necessary for the effectiveness of the quality management system.</li> </ul> </li> <li>NOTE The extent of documented information for a quality management system can differ from one organization to another due to <ul> <li>a) the size of organization and its type of activities, processes, products goods and services,</li> <li>b) the complexity of processes and their interactions, and</li> <li>c) the competence of persons.</li> </ul> </li> <li>7.5.2 Creating and updating</li> </ul> <li>When creating and updating documented information the organization shall ensure appropriate</li>
604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619	<ul> <li>7.5.1 General</li> <li>The organization's quality management system shall include</li> <li>a) documented information required by this International Standard,</li> <li>b) documented information determined by the organization as being necessary for the effectiveness of the quality management system.</li> <li>NOTE The extent of documented information for a quality management system can differ from one organization to another due to</li> <li>a) the size of organization and its type of activities, processes, products goods and services,</li> <li>b) the complexity of processes and their interactions, and</li> <li>c) the competence of persons.</li> <li>7.5.2 Creating and updating</li> </ul>

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625 626	7.5.3 Control of documented Information	
627	Documented information required by the quality management system and by this International	Standard shall
628	be controlled to ensure	
629	a) it is available and suitable for use, where and when it is needed, and	
630 631	b) it is adequately protected (e.g. from loss of confidentiality, improper use, or loss of integrity)	).
632	For the control of documented information, the organization shall address the following activities	s, as applicable
633	a) distribution, access, retrieval and use,	
634	b) storage and preservation, including preservation of legibility,	
635	c) control of changes (e.g. version control), and	
636	d) retention and disposition.	
637		
638	Documented information of external origin determined by the organization to be necessary f	or the planning
639	and operation of the quality management system shall be identified as appropriate, and control	led.
640		
641	NOTE Access implies a decision regarding the permission to view the documented information only,	or the permission
642	and authority to view and change the documented information, etc.	
643	8 Operation	
644	8.1 Operational planning and control	
645	The organization shall plan, implement and control the processes needed to meet requir	ements and to
646	implement the actions determined in 6.1, by	
647	a) establishing criteria for the processes	
648	b) implementing control of the processes in accordance with the criteria, and	
649	c) keeping documented information to the extent necessary to have confidence that the proce	sses have
650	been carried out as planned.	
651		
652	The organization shall control planned changes and review the consequences of unintended of	changes, taking
653	action to mitigate any adverse effects, as necessary.	
654		
655	The organization shall ensure that outsourced processes are the operation of a function or	process of the
656	organization by an external provider is controlled (see 8.4).	
657		
658	Note Operation of a function or process of the organization by an external provider is often referred to	as outsourcing.
659	8.2 Determination of market needs and interactions with customers	

8.2.1 General

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- 662 The organization shall implement a process for interacting with customers to determine their requirements 663 relating to goods and services. 664 Note 1 A "customer" means an existing or potential customer 665 Note 2 The organization can interact with other relevant interested parties to determine additional requirements for 666 goods and services (see 4.2). 667 668 8.2.2 Determination of requirements related to the goods and services 669 670 The organization shall determine as applicable
- oro The organization shall determine as applicable

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- a) requirements specified by the customer including the requirements for delivery and post-delivery activities,
- b) requirements not stated by the customer but necessary for specified or intended use, where known,
- 673 c) statutory and regulatory requirements applicable to the goods and services, and
- d) any additional requirements considered necessary by the organization.
- Note: Additional requirements can include those arising from relevant interested parties

# 8.2.3 Review of requirements related to the goods and services

The organization shall review the requirements related to the goods and services. This review shall be conducted prior to the organization's commitment to supply goods and services to the customer (e.g. submission of tenders, acceptance of contracts or orders, acceptance of changes to contracts or orders) and shall ensure that

- a) goods and services requirements are defined and agreed,
- 685 b) contract or order requirements differing from those previously expressed are resolved, and
- 686 c) the organization is able to meet the defined requirements.

Documented information describing the results of the review shall be maintained.

Where the customer does not provide documented statement of their requirements, the customer requirements shall be confirmed by the organization before acceptance.

Where requirements for goods and services are changed, the organization shall ensure that relevant documented information is amended and that relevant personnel are made aware of the changed requirements.

NOTE In some situations a formal review is impractical for each order. Instead the review can cover other relevant information available to the customer.

#### 8.2.4 Customer communication

The organization shall determine and implement planned arrangements for communicating with customers in relation to:

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- 704 a) goods and services information,
  - b) enquiries, contracts or order handling, including amendments,
  - c) customer feedback, including customer complaints (see 9.1),
  - d) the handling of customer property, if applicable, and
  - e) the specific requirements for contingency actions, where relevant.

#### 8.3 Operational planning process

- In preparing for the realization of goods and services, the organization shall implement a process to determine the following, as appropriate,
- a) requirements for the goods and services taking into consideration relevant quality objectives;
- actions to identify and address risks related to achieving conformity of goods and services to requirements;
- c) the resources that will be required arising from the requirements for the goods and services;
- d) the criteria for the acceptance of goods and services;
- e) required verification, validation, monitoring, measurement, inspection and test activities specific to the goods and services;
- f) how the performance data will be established and communicated; and
- g) requirements for traceability, preservation, goods and services delivery and post delivery activities.
- The output of this planning process shall be in a form suitable for the organization's operations.
- NOTE 1 Documented information specifying the processes of the quality management system (including the realization of goods and services processes) and the resources to be applied to a specific good and service, project or contract can be referred to as a quality plan.
- NOTE 2 The organization can also apply the requirements given in 8.5 to the development of processes for the realization of goods and services.

#### 8.4 Control of external provision of goods and services

#### 8.4.1 General

The organization shall ensure that externally provided goods and services conform to specified requirements.

Note Where the organization has arranged for an external provider to perform a function or process of the organization it is assumed this will result in the provision of goods, services or both goods and services.

#### 8.4.2 Type and extent of control of external provision

The type and extent of control applied to the external providers and the externally-provided processes, goods and services shall be dependent upon

a) the risks identified and the potential impacts,

- 5) the degree to which the control of an externally provided process is shared between the organization and the provider, and
- 746 c) the capability of potential controls.

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The organization shall establish and apply criteria for the evaluation, selection, and re-evaluation of external providers based on their ability to provide, goods and services in accordance with the organization's requirements.

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752 Documented information describing the results of evaluations shall be maintained.

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#### 8.4.3 Documented information for external providers

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- Documented information shall be provided to the external provider describing, where appropriate:
- a) the goods and services to be provided or the process to be performed,
- 758 b) the requirements for approval or release of goods and services, procedures, processes or equipment,
- 759 c) the requirements for competence of personnel, including necessary qualification,
- 760 d) the quality management system requirements,
- e) the control and monitoring of the external provider's performance to be applied by the organization,
- f) any verification activities that the organization, or its customer, intends to perform at the external provider's premises, and
- 764 g) the requirements for handling of external provider's property provided to the organization.

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The organization shall ensure the adequacy of specified requirements prior to their communication to the external provider.

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The organization shall monitor the performance of external providers. Documented information describing en the results of monitoring shall be maintained.

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#### 8.5 Development of goods and services

#### 8.5.1 Development processes

- The organization shall plan and implement processes for the development of goods and services consistent with the process approach.
- In determining the stages and controls for the development processes, the organization shall take account of:
- a) the nature, duration and complexity of the development activities,
- 779 b) customer, statutory and regulatory requirements specifying particular process stages or controls,
- 780 c) requirements specified by the organization as essential for the specific type of goods and services being developed,
- d) standards or codes of practice that the organization has committed to implement,
- 783 e) the determined risks and opportunities associated with the development activities with respect to

- 1) the nature of the goods and services to be developed and potential consequences of failure,
- 2) the level of control expected of the development process by customers and other relevant interested parties, and
- 3) the potential impact on the organization's ability to consistently meet customer requirements and enhance customer satisfaction.
- f) internal and external resource needs for the development of goods and services,
- g) the need for clarity with respect to the responsibilities and authorities of the individuals and parties involved in the development process,
- h) the need for the management of the interfaces between individuals and parties involved in the development task or opportunity,
- the need for involvement of customer groups and user groups in the development process and their interface with management of the development process,
- j) the necessary documented information on the application of development processes, the outputs and their suitability, and
- k) the activities needed to transfer from development to production or service provision.

#### 8.5.2 Development controls

The controls applied to the development process shall ensure that

- a) the result to be achieved by the development activities is clearly defined,
- b) inputs are defined to a level sufficient for the development activities being undertaken and do not give rise to ambiguity, conflict or lack of clarity,
- c) outputs are in a form suitable for subsequent use for production of goods and provision of services and related monitoring and measurement,
- d) problems and issues arising during the development process are resolved or otherwise managed before committing to further development work or setting priorities for that work,
- e) the planned development processes have been followed, the outputs are consistent with the inputs and the objective of the development activity has been met,
- f) goods produced or services provided as a consequence of the development undertaken are fit for purpose, and
- g) appropriate change control and configuration management is maintained throughout the development of goods and services and any subsequent modifications to goods and services.

#### 8.5.3 Development transfer

The organization shall ensure that transfer from development to production or service provision only takes place when actions outstanding or arising from development have been completed or are otherwise managed such that there is no adverse impact on the organization's ability to consistently meet customer requirements, statutory or regulatory requirements, or to enhance customer satisfaction.

# 824 8.6 Production of goods and provision of services 825 8.6.1 Control of production of goods and provision of services

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 827 The organization shall implement production of goods and provision of services under controlled conditions.

- 828 Controlled conditions shall include, as applicable:
- 829 a) the availability of documented information that describes the characteristics of the goods and services;
- 830 b) the implementation of controls;
- c) the availability of documented information that describes the activities to be performed and the results achieved, as necessary;
- 833 d) the use of suitable equipment;
- e) the availability, implementation and use of monitoring and measuring devices;
- 835 f) the competence of personnel or their qualification;
- g) the validation and approval, and periodic revalidation, of any process for production of goods and provision of services where the resulting output cannot be verified by subsequent monitoring or measurement;
- 839 h) the implementation of goods and services release, delivery and post-delivery activities; and
- i) prevention of nonconformity due to human error, such as unintentional mistakes and intentional rule violations.

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- NOTE Validation demonstrates the ability of these processes to achieve planned results through:
  - a) definition of criteria for review and approval of the processes;
    - b) approval of equipment and qualification of personnel;
    - c) use of specific methods and procedures; and
- d) definition of requirements for documented information.

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# 8.6.2 Identification and traceability

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Where appropriate, the organization shall identify process outputs by suitable means.

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The organization shall identify the status of process outputs with respect to monitoring and measurement requirements throughout realization of goods and services.

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Where traceability is a requirement, the organization shall control the unique identification of the process outputs, and maintain it as documented information.

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Note: Process outputs are the results of any activities which are ready for delivery to the customer (external or internal) or become the inputs to the next process. They can include products, services, intermediate parts, components, etc.

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# 8.6.3 Property belonging to customers or external providers.

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The organization shall exercise care with property belonging to the customer or external providers while it is under the organization's control or being used by the organization. The organization shall identify, verify,

protect and safeguard the customer or external provider's property provided for use or incorporation into the goods and services.

If any property of the customer or external provider is lost, damaged or otherwise found to be unsuitable for use, the organization shall report this to the customer or external provider and maintain documented information.

NOTE Property belonging to customer or external providers can include intellectual property and confidential or personal data.

#### 8.6.4 Preservation of goods and services

The organization shall ensure preservation of goods and services, including any process outputs, during processing and delivery to the intended destination in order to maintain conformity to requirements. Preservation shall also apply to process outputs that constitutes parts of the goods or any physical process output that is needed for the provision of the service.

NOTE Preservation can include identification, handling, packaging, storage and protection.

## 8.6.5 Post delivery activities

Where applicable, the organization shall determine and meet requirements for post delivery activities associated with the nature and intended lifetime of the goods and services.

The extent of post delivery activities that are required shall take account of

- 891 a) the risks associated with the goods and services,
  - b) customer feedback, and
- 893 c) statu
  - c) statutory and regulatory requirements.

 NOTE Post-delivery activities can include, for example, actions under warranty provisions, contractual obligations such as maintenance services, and supplementary services such as recycling or final disposal.

# 8.6.6 Control of changes

The organization shall undertake change in a planned and systematic manner, taking account of the review of the potential consequences of changes (see 6.3) and taking action as necessary, to ensure the integrity of goods and services are maintained.

Documented information describing the results of the review of changes, the personnel authorizing the change and any necessary actions shall be maintained.

907	8.7 Release of goods and services
908	The organization shall implement the planned activities at appropriate stages to verify that goods and services
909	requirements have been met (see 8.3). Evidence of conformity with the acceptance criteria shall be
910	maintained.
911	
912	The release of goods and services to the customer shall not proceed until the planned arrangements for
913	verification of conformity have been satisfactorily completed, unless otherwise approved by a relevant
914	authority and, where applicable, by the customer. Documented information shall indicate the person(s)
915	authorizing release of goods and services for delivery to the customer.
916	
917	8.8 Nonconforming goods and services
918	The organization shall ensure that goods and services which do not conform to requirements are identified
919	and controlled to prevent their unintended use or delivery that will have a negative impact on the customer.
920	
921	The organization shall take actions (including corrections if needed) appropriate to the nature of the
922	nonconformity and its effects. This applies also to nonconforming goods and services detected after delivery
923	of the goods or during the provision of the service.
924	
925	When the nonconforming goods and services have been delivered to the customer, the organization shall also
926	take appropriate correction to assure that customer satisfaction is achieved.
927	Appropriate corrective actions shall be implemented (see 10.1).
928	
929	NOTE The appropriate actions can include:
930	a) segregation, containment, returning and suspension of provision of goods and services;
931 932	<ul><li>b) informing the customer as appropriate; and</li><li>c) obtaining authorization for repair, regrade, use as it is, release, continuation or re-provision of the service,</li></ul>
933	acceptance under concession.
934	
935	When the nonconforming goods and services are corrected it shall be subject to re-verification to demonstrate
936	conformity to the requirements.
937	
938	Documented information describing the nature of nonconformities and any subsequent actions taken,
939	including concessions obtained, shall be maintained
940	9 Performance evaluation

The organization shall determine take into consideration the determined risks and opportunities and shall:

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9.1.1 General

Monitoring, measurement, analysis and evaluation

945	al	determine what	needs to be	monitored and	measured in	order to:
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- demonstrate conformity of goods and services to requirements,
- evaluate the performance of processes (see 4.4),
- ensure conformity and effectiveness of the quality management system, and
- evaluate customer satisfaction; and
- b) evaluate the performance of external provider(s) (see 8.4);
- c) determine the methods for monitoring, measurement, analysis and evaluation, as applicable, to ensure valid results;
- d) determine when the monitoring and measuring shall be performed;
- e) determine when the results from monitoring and measurement shall be analysed and evaluated; and
- f) determine what performance indicators of the quality management system are needed.

The organization shall establish processes to ensure that monitoring and measurement can be carried out and are carried out in a manner that is consistent with the monitoring and measurement requirements.

The organization shall retain appropriate documented information as evidence of the results.

The organization shall evaluate the quality performance and the effectiveness of the quality management system.

#### 9.1.2 Customer satisfaction

The organization shall monitor data relating to customer perceptions of the degree to which requirements have been met.

As appropriate, the organization shall obtain data relating to:

- a) customer feedback, and
- b) customer views and perceptions of the organization, its processes and its goods and services.
- The methods for obtaining and using this data shall be determined.

The organization shall evaluate the data obtained to determine opportunities to enhance customer satisfaction.

# 9.1.3 Analysis and evaluation of data

The organization shall analyse and evaluate appropriate data arising from monitoring, measurement (see 9.1.1 and 9.1.2) and other relevant sources. This shall include determination of applicable methods.

The results of analysis and evaluation shall be used:

a) to determine the suitability, adequacy and effectiveness of the quality management system,

986 b) to assure that the goods and services can consistently meet customer requirements, 987 c) to ensure that the operation and control of processes is effective, and 988 d) to identify improvements within the quality management system. 989 990 The results of analysis and evaluation shall be used as an input to the management review. 991 9.2 Internal Audit 992 The organization shall conduct internal audits at planned intervals to provide information on whether the 993 quality management system; 994 a) conforms to 995 1) the organization's own requirements for its quality management system; and 996 2) the requirements of this International Standard; 997 b) is effectively implemented and maintained. 998 999 The organization shall: 1000 a) plan, establish, implement and maintain an audit programme(s), including the frequency, methods, 1001 responsibilities, planning requirements and reporting. The audit programme(s) shall take into 1002 consideration the quality objectives, the importance of the processes concerned, the related risks, and the 1003 results of previous audits: 1004 b) define the audit criteria and scope for each audit; 1005 c) select auditors and conduct audits to ensure objectivity and the impartiality of the audit process; 1006 d) ensure that the results of the audits are reported to relevant management for evaluation, 1007 e) take appropriate action without undue delay; and 1008 f) retain documented information as evidence of the implementation of the audit programme and the audit 1009 results. 1010 1011 NOTE See ISO 19011 for guidance. 1012 1013 9.3 Management review 1014 Top management shall review the organization's quality management system, at planned intervals, to ensure 1015 its continuing suitability, adequacy, and effectiveness. 1016 1017 Management review shall be planned and carried out, taking into account the changing business environment 1018 and in alignment with the strategic direction of the organization. 1019 1020 The management review shall include consideration of: 1021 a) the status of actions from previous management reviews;

b) changes in external and internal issues that are relevant to the quality management system;

c) information on the performance of the quality management system, including trends and indicators for:

1) nonconformities and corrective actions;

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025	2) monitoring and measurement results;
026	3) audit results;
027	4) customer feedback;
028	5) supplier and external provider issues; and
029	<li>6) process performance and product conformity;</li>
030	d) opportunities for <del>continual</del> improvement.
031	
032	The outputs of the management review shall include decisions related to:
033	a) <del>continual</del> improvement opportunities, and
034	b) any need for changes to the quality management system.
035	
036	The organization shall retain documented information as evidence of the results of management review
037	including actions taken.
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039	10 <i>Continual</i> improvement
040	10.1 Nonconformity and corrective action
041	When a nonconformity occurs, the organization shall:
042	a) react to the nonconformity, and as applicable
043	1) take action to control and correct it; and
044	2) deal with the consequences;
045	b) evaluate the need for action to eliminate the causes of the nonconformity, in order that it does not recur or
046	occur elsewhere, by
047	1) reviewing the nonconformity;
048	2) determining the causes of the nonconformity, and
049	3) determining if similar nonconformities exist, or could potentially occur;
050	c) implement any action needed;
051	d) review the effectiveness of any corrective action taken; and
052	e) make changes to the quality management system, if necessary.
053	
054	Corrective actions shall be appropriate to the effects of the nonconformities encountered.
055	The organization shall retain documented information as evidence of
056	a) the nature of the nonconformities and any subsequent actions taken; and
057	b) the results of any corrective action.
058	10.2 Improvement
059	The organization shall continually improve the suitability, adequacy and effectiveness of the quality
060	management system.
061	

- The organization shall improve the quality management system, processes and goods and services, as appropriate, through responding to:
- 1064 a) results of analysis of data;
- 1065 b) changes in the context of the organization;
- 1066 c) changes in identified risk (see 6.1); and
- 1067 d) new opportunities.

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The organization shall evaluate, prioritise and determine the improvement to be implemented.

1071	Annex A
1072	Quality management principles
1073	(Informative)
	A. A. Instrumentations
1074	A.1 Introduction
1075	This document introduces the seven quality management principles on which the quality management system
1076	standards of the ISO 9000 series are based.
1077	The principles were developed and updated by international experts of ISO/TC 176, which is responsible for
1078	developing and maintaining the ISO 9000 series on quality management standards.
1079	This annex provides a "statement" describing each principle and a "rationale" explaining why an organization
1080 1081	should address the principle.
1082	A.2 QMP 1 – Customer Focus
1083	a) Statement
1084	The primary focus of quality management is to meet customer requirements and to strive to exceed customer
1085	expectations.
1086	b) Rationale
1087	Sustained success is achieved when an organization attracts and retains the confidence of customers and
1088	other interested parties on whom it depends. Every aspect of customer interaction provides an opportunity to
1089	create more value for the customer.  Understanding current and future needs of customers and other
1090	interested parties contributes to sustained success of an organization
1091	
1092	A.3 QMP 2 – Leadership
1093	a) Statement
1094	Leaders at all levels establish unity of purpose and direction and create conditions in which people are
1095	engaged in achieving the quality objectives of the organization.
1096	b) Rationale
1097	Creation of unity of purpose, direction and engagement enable an organization to align its strategies, policies,
1098	processes and resources to achieve its objectives.
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1100	A.4 QMP 3 – Engagement of People
1101	a) Statement
1102	It is essential for the organization that all people are competent, empowered and engaged in delivering value.
1103	Competent, empowered and engaged people throughout the organization enhance its capability to create
1104	value.
1105	b) Rationale

To manage an organization effectively and efficiently, it is important to involve all people at all levels and to respect them as individuals. Recognition, empowerment and enhancement of skills and knowledge facilitate the engagement of people in achieving the objectives of the organization.

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# A.5 QMP 4 - Process Approach

#### a) Statement

- Consistent and predictable results are achieved more effectively and efficiently when activities are understood and managed as interrelated processes that function as a coherent system.
- b) Rationale
- The quality management system is composed of interrelated processes. Understanding how results are produced by this system, including all its processes, resources, controls and interactions, allows the organization to optimize its performance.

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# A.6 QMP 5 - Improvement

- a) Statement
- Successful organizations have an ongoing focus on improvement.
- b) Rationale
- Improvement is essential for an organization to maintain current levels of performance, to react to changes in its internal and external conditions and to create new opportunities.

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# A.7 QMP 6 - Evidence-based Decision Making

- a) Statement
- Decisions based on the analysis and evaluation of data and information are more likely to produce desired results.
- b) Rationale
- Decision-making can be a complex process, and it always involves some uncertainty. It often involves multiple types and sources of inputs, as well as their interpretation, which can be subjective. It is important to understand cause and effect relationships and potential unintended consequences. Facts, evidence and data analysis lead to greater objectivity and confidence in decisions made.

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#### A.8 QMP 7 – Relationship Management

- a) Statement
- For sustained success, organizations manage their relationships with interested parties, such as suppliers.
- b) Rationale
- Interested parties influence the performance of an organization. Sustained success is more likely to be achieved when an organization manages relationships with its interested parties to optimize their impact on its
  - performance. Relationship management with its supplier and partner network is often of particular importance.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Published in English and French, ten times per year, ISO Focus+ covers the complete range of ISO International Standards: technical, management, good practice and conformity assessment, and for products, services, processes, systems, materials and professionals. Available at <a href="http://www.iso.org/isofocus+">http://www.iso.org/isofocus+</a>